

In-Center Hemodialysis Standing Orders – Heparin Protocol

Heparin ICD 10 code: N18.6, End-Stage Renal Disease

Purpose: To provide optimal management of anticoagulation for in-center hemodialysis patients through the use of heparin.

Heparin Dosing: By bolus. Initial Heparin dose per physician order using heparin 1,000 units/ml vial.

- 1. Maximum initial bolus 8000 units.
- 2. Doses higher than 8000 units require Medical Director or CMO approval.
- 3. Physician requests for hourly heparin dosing do not require CMO approval, but all dosing and changes for hourly heparin must be managed by ordering physician.

Heparin Dosing Adjustment:

Do not change the heparin dose more frequently than every 1 week <u>unless</u>:

- a. Ordered by physician or -
- b. There is a clinical indication to stop heparin, including but not limited to an allergic reaction, recent trauma, or prolonged bleeding, as defined below. Nurse can make this determination.
- 1. If clotting, notify MD by fax and increase initial bolus by 500u.

Clotting is defined as:

- a. Shadows or black streaks in dialyzer, or extremely dark blood.
- b. Clot formation in drip chambers, venous trap, arterial side header, or other sections of dialysis tubing at rinseback.
- 2. Decrease initial bolus by 500 units for prolonged bleeding.

 Prolonged bleeding is defined as bleeding for greater than 10 minutes after removal of needles.
- 3. If there is evidence of fall, bruising, same day surgery, or dental visit, notify MD by fax and decrease initial bolus by 50%. If active bleeding is present, such as nosebleed, vaginal bleeding, or suspected pericarditis, hold heparin and notify MD by phone.

Patient Name		NKC#	
Physician Signature	 Date		
Physician Name (Please Print)			
Matthew Rivara, MD	_		

MEC Approved 11.10.22 Page 1 of 1