## In-Center Hemodialysis Standing Orders –

## Heparin Protocol

Heparin ICD 10 code: N18.6, End-Stage Renal Disease

**Purpose:** To provide optimal management of anticoagulation for in-center hemodialysis patients through the use of heparin.

**Heparin Dosing:** By bolus. Initial Heparin dose per physician order using heparin 1,000 units/ml vial.

- 1. Maximum initial bolus 8000 units.
- 2. Doses higher than 8000 units require Medical Director or CMO approval.
- 3. Physician requests for hourly heparin dosing do not require CMO approval, but all dosing and changes for hourly heparin must be managed by ordering physician.

## **Heparin Dosing Adjustment:**

**Do not change** the heparin dose more frequently than every 1 week <u>unless</u>:

- a. Ordered by physician or –
- b. There is a clinical indication to stop heparin, including but not limited to an allergic reaction, recent trauma, or prolonged bleeding, as defined below. Nurse can make this determination.
- 1. If clotting, notify MD by fax and increase initial bolus by 500u. Clotting is defined as:
  - a. Shadows or black streaks in dialyzer, or extremely dark blood.

b. Clot formation in drip chambers, venous trap, arterial side header, or other sections of dialysis tubing at rinseback.

- Decrease initial bolus by 500 units for prolonged bleeding.
  Prolonged bleeding is defined as bleeding for greater than 10 minutes after removal of needles.
- 3. If there is evidence of fall, bruising, same day surgery, or dental visit, notify MD by fax and decrease initial bolus by 50%. If active bleeding is present, such as nosebleed, vaginal bleeding, or suspected pericarditis, hold heparin and notify MD by phone.

<u>Suzanne Watnick, MD</u> Physician Name (Please Print)

Physician Signature

Date

Patient Name \_\_\_\_\_

NKC# \_\_\_\_\_

Kidney Centers