

# Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta (Mircera<sup>®</sup>) Protocol

Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta (Mircera<sup>®</sup>) ICD 10 code D63.1

Anemia in chronic kidney disease

**<u>Purpose</u>**: To provide optimal management of ESRD related anemia in dialysis patients

Hemoglobin Target Goal: 10.0-11.0 g/dl

# Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta Dosing:

Doses are based on estimated dry weight and rounded to the following steps:

Step	Dose
1	30 mcg every four weeks
2	50 mcg every four weeks
3	30 mcg every two weeks
4	50 mcg every two weeks
5	60 mcg every two weeks (30 mcg + 30 mcg)
6	75 mcg every two weeks
7	100 mcg every two weeks
8	150 mcg every two weeks
9	200 mcg every two weeks

Table 1

- 1. Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin (Mircera<sup>®</sup>) will be increased and decreased in 1-step or 2-step increments, based on scale above.
- 2. Mircera<sup>®</sup> will be administered IV to HD patients, and SC to PD patients.
- 3. Mircera® ceiling is 200 mcg every two weeks (or 3.0 mcg/kg/2 weeks, whichever is lower). Orders outside listed steps require facility medical director or CMO approval.
- 4. When a patient with a darbepoetin (Aranesp) or erythropoietin order switches to Mircera<sup>®</sup>, discontinue darbepoetin (Aranesp) or erythropoietin order.
- 5. Instructions for when patient is on ESA hold: See Table 3 or 4 to convert previous ESA dosing to Mircera<sup>®</sup> Step, then see Table 1 and decrease 1 Step.

## Initiating Mircera® for new patients or ESA naïve patients

- 1. Iron repletion to tsat > 25%
- 2. AND
  - a. If hgb < 10 g/dl, then start Mircera<sup>®</sup> at 0.6 mcg/kg/2 weeks, and round down to closest step per Table 1.

## Patient Name \_\_\_\_

#### \_\_\_\_\_ NKC# \_\_

- b. If hgb 10.0-10.4 g/dl, then start Mircera<sup>®</sup> at 0.2 mcg/kg/2weeks and round down to closest step per Table 1.
- c. If hgb >= 10.5 g/dl, then do not start Mircera<sup>®</sup> until patient meets criteria

### Mircera® Dosing Adjustment

- 1. Do not change Mircera® dose more frequently than every 4 weeks EXCEPT:
  - a. If hgb falls from above 10 to less than 10, increase dose after 2 weeks
  - b. If hgb is 11-12 and patient has every other week Mircera<sup>®</sup> order, decrease dose after 2 weeks
  - c. If hgb > 12, hold Mircera<sup>®</sup> and check hgb every week for in-center patients, and at next redraw for home dialysis patients. Resume Mircera<sup>®</sup> with 1-step decrease as soon as hgb is < 11.5 and last dose was administered 2 weeks ago or more. If hgb remains >= 12 for more than 2 months, return to regular hgb testing policy.
- 2. Titrate Mircera<sup>®</sup> per the following table for patients who have a Mircera<sup>®</sup> order and had not been changed in the last 4 weeks:

Mircera® Dosing Adjustment							
Hgb decreased by greater than or equal to 0.5 g/dl since last dose change							
Hgb (g/dl)	Step Dose Change						
Less than 10	2 step dose increase						
10.0-10.9	1 step dose increase						
11-12	No Change						
Hgb increased/decreased by less than 0.5 g/dl since last dose change							
Hgb (g/dl)	Step Dose Change						
Less than 9.5	2 step dose increase						
9.5-9.9	1 step dose increase						
10.0-10.4	1 step dose increase, if hgb decreased; do not change if hgb increased						
	or stayed the same						
10.5-11.4	No change						
11.5-12	1 step dose decrease						
Hgb increa	sed greater than or equal to 0.5 g/dl since last dose change						
Hgb (g/dl)	Step Dose Change						
Less than 10	1 step dose increase						
10-10.4	No Change						
10.5-10.9	1 step decrease						
11-12	2 step decrease						
Hgb (g/dl)	Dose Change						
Greater than	Hold Mircera; check hgb every 2 weeks for home dialysis patients, and						
12 g/dl	every week for in-center patients. (see 1c above.)						
If Hgb is increased or decreased at least 1.0 g/dl since the last Hgb level;							
recheck Hgb within next 2 dialysis treatments for in-center HD; at next redraw							
for home patients							

Table 2

# Patient Name \_

# Conversion from darbepoetin or erythropoietin to Mircera®

Convert darbepoetin or erythropoietin to appropriate dose of Mircera<sup>®</sup>, per conversion dose chart below. Convert to Mircera<sup>®</sup> when the next ESA dose is due.

Erythropoietin to Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol Epoetin-beta Conversion Dose Chart							
Epogen Dose (U) per week - total	Mircera <sup>®</sup> Dose						
	Dose (mcg)	Frequency					
< 2000	30	Every 4 weeks					
2000 - < 3000	50	Every 4 weeks					
3000 - < 5000	30	Every 2 weeks					
5000 - < 8000	50	Every 2 weeks					
8000 - < 11,000	60	Every 2 weeks					
11,000 - < 18,000	75	Every 2 weeks					
18,000 - < 27,000	100	Every 2 weeks					
27,000 - < 42,000	150	Every 2 weeks					
>= 42,000	200	Every 2 weeks					

Table 3

Darbepoetin (Aranesp) to Methoxy Polyethylene Glycol Epoetin-beta Conversion Dose Chart						
Darbepoetin Dose (mcg) per week - total	Mircera <sup>®</sup> Dose					
	Dose (mcg)	Frequency				
< 10	50	Every 4 weeks				
10 - <20	30	Every 2 weeks				
20 - <30	50	Every 2 weeks				
30 - < 40	60	Every 2 weeks				
40 - < 50	75	Every 2 weeks				
50 - < 60	100	Every 2 weeks				
60 - < 100	150	Every 2 weeks				
>= 100	200	Every 2 weeks				

Table 4

#### Labs:

1. Draw CBC per routine lab orders.

Physician Name (Please Print)

RN Name (Please Print)

Physician signature	
(see referral sheet)	

RN signature

Date

NKC# \_\_\_\_\_

Patient Name \_\_\_\_\_