

In-Center Hemodialysis Standing Orders – Heparin Protocol

Heparin ICD 10 code: N18.6, End-Stage Renal Disease

<u>Purpose:</u> To provide optimal management of anticoagulation for in-center hemodialysis patients through the use of heparin.

Heparin Dosing: By bolus. Initial Heparin dose per physician order.

- 1. Maximum initial bolus 8000 Units.
- 2. Doses higher than 8000 Units require CMO approval.
- 3. Physician requests for hourly heparin dosing require CMO approval.

Heparin Dosing Adjustment:

Do not change the heparin dose more frequently than every 1 week unless:

- a. Ordered by a physician or -
- There is a clinical indication to stop heparin, including but not limited to an allergic reaction, recent trauma, or prolonged bleeding, as defined below.
 Nurse can make this determination.
- 1. Increase heparin by a 500 Unit bolus for clotting. Clotting is defined as:

| A. | Shadows or black streaks in dialyzer | |
|----|---|--|
| B. | Clot formation in drip chambers, venous trap, or arterial side | |
| | header | |
| C. | Clots noted at other sections of dialysis tubing during rinseback | |
| D. | Extremely dark blood | |

- Decrease heparin by 500 Units for prolonged bleeding.
 Prolonged bleeding is defined as bleeding for greater than 10 minutes after the end of the hemodialysis treatment.
- 3. If there is evidence of fall, bruising, same day surgery, or dental visit, notify MD by fax and decrease initial bolus by 50%. If active bleeding is present, such as epistaxis, vaginal bleeding, or if patient is diagnosed with suspected pericarditis, hold heparin and notify MD by phone.

| Physician Name (Please Print) | RN Name (Please Print) | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------|--|
| Physician signature | RN signature | Date | |
| Patient Name | | NKC# | |
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